

TP Sugar Beet 2024 (S_Beet24)
 TP adopted: 01.01.2024
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TystofteFoundation

Hybrider af Sukkerroe / Sugar Beet Hybrids

Beta vulgaris L. ssp. vulgaris var. saccharifera
Alef.

Beta vulgaris L. ssp. vulgaris var. altissima Doell
(BETAA_VUL_GVS)

TECHNICAL PROTOCOL

FOR THE CONDUCT OF TESTS

FOR DISTINCTNESS, UNIFORMITY AND STABILITY

Alternative Names:

<i>Botanical name</i>	<i>English</i>	<i>Danish</i>	<i>Swedish</i>
Beta vulgaris L. ssp. vulgaris var. saccharifera Alef.	Sugar Beet	Sukkerroe	Sockerbeta

TABLE OF CONTENTSPAGE

1 SUBJECT OF THIS TECHNICAL PROTOCOL	3
2 MATERIAL REQUIRED.....	3
3 METHOD OF EXAMINATION.....	3
3.1 NUMBER OF GROWING CYCLES.....	3
3.2 TESTING LOCATION.....	3
3.3 CONDITIONS FOR CONDUCTING THE EXAMINATION	3
3.4 METHOD OF OBSERVATION	3
4 TEST DESIGN	3
4.1 FIELD TRIAL.....	4
4.2 GREENHOUSE TEST	4
5 ASSESSMENT OF DISTINCTNESS, UNIFORMITY AND STABILITY	4
5.1 DISTINCTNESS.....	4
5.1.1 <i>Number of Plants / Parts of Plants to be Examined.</i>	4
5.2 UNIFORMITY	5
5.3 STABILITY	5
6 GROUPING OF VARIETIES.....	5
7 INTRODUCTION TO THE TABLE OF CHARACTERISTICS.....	6
7.1 STATES OF EXPRESSION AND CORRESPONDING NOTES.....	6
7.2 EXAMPLE VARIETIES	6
7.3 LEGEND	6
8 TABLE OF CHARACTERISTICS	7
8.1 EXPLANATIONS	13
8.1.1 <i>Ad 1: Germinity.</i>	13
8.1.2 <i>Ad 3: Hypocotyl: percentage of seedlings with anthocyanin coloration of hypocotyl .</i>	13
8.1.3 <i>Ad 4: Leaf: attitude</i>	13
8.1.4 <i>Ad 9: Leaf length including petiole / 10: Leaf blade: length / 11: Leaf blade: width.....</i>	13
8.1.5 <i>Ad 12: Leaf blade: width compared to length.....</i>	14
8.1.6 <i>Ad 13: Leaf blade: shape of tip</i>	14
8.1.7 <i>Ad 14: Root: color below ground</i>	15
8.1.8 <i>Ad 15: Root: shape</i>	15
8.1.9 <i>Ad 16, 17, 19: Root: length, width and height above ground</i>	16
8.1.10 <i>Ad 18: Root: length compared to width.....</i>	16
8.1.11 <i>Ad 20: Root: ratio above ground.....</i>	16

1 Subject of this Technical Protocol

This protocol applies to hybrid varieties of Beta vulgaris L. ssp. vulgaris var. saccharifera Alef. (syn. Beta vulgaris L. ssp. vulgaris var. altissima Döll).

2 Material Required

The material is to be supplied in the form of naked untreated seed.

The minimum quantity of plant material, to be supplied by the applicant, should be: 350 g of seed

The applicant is responsible for ensuring compliance with any customs, transportation and plant health requirements.

The plant material supplied should be visibly healthy, vigorous, and not affected by any seedborne diseases or pests.

3 Method of Examination

3.1 Number of Growing Cycles

The minimum duration of tests is two independent growing cycles.

3.2 Testing Location

Tests are normally conducted at TystofteFoundation.

3.3 Conditions for Conducting the Examination

The tests are carried out under conditions ensuring satisfactory growth for the expression of the relevant characteristics of the variety and for the conduct of the examination.

The optimum stage of development for the assessment of each characteristic is indicated by a number in the Table of Characteristics (Chapter 8). The stages of development denoted by each number are described in table 3-1 below.

Table 3-1: Uwe Meier, 1997: Growth Stages of Mono- and Dicotyledonous Plants. Federal Biological Research Center for Agriculture and Forestry (Editor)

00	Dry seed
10 - 11	Leaf development (youth stage), Seedling
35 - 39	Rosette growth: leaves cover 50% - 90% of ground
40 - 45	Development of harvestable vegetative plant parts – Beet root
49	Beet root has reached harvestable size

3.4 Method of Observation

The method of observing the characteristic is indicated by the following key in the Table of Characteristics:

MG: single measurement of a group of plants or parts of plants

MS: measurement of a number of individual plants or parts of plants

VG: visual assessment by a single observation of a group of plants or parts of plants

VS: visual assessment by observation of individual plants or parts of plants

TQ: the characteristic is adopted from the TQ as informed by the applicant

4 Test Design

Two DUS trials are elaborated in each growing period – one field trial with spaced plants for visual assessments and measurements of harvested roots – and one greenhouse trial for observing germinity of the seeds and anthocyanin coloration of hypocotyl.

4.1 Field trial

The field trial is elaborated in an Alpha design in 3 replicates. The ordinary field trial is enlarged with a fourth replicate where all second-year candidates are visually compared in side-by-side plots with the (typically 2) most similar varieties established from the first year of DUS-testing.

Each plot is 4 meters long and 2 meters wide and consists of 4 rows. The trial is drilled ensuring that, after thinning, there is approximately 18 cm between the plants. The two middle rows are harvested for measuring of the roots in the laboratory.

In each plot there are at least 80 plants and in the field test at least 240 plants.

For all candidate varieties off-type plants are registered and removed from each plot in the field before harvest.

4.2 Greenhouse test

The greenhouse test has the same randomization as the field trial, but only 2 replicates with at least 50 plants per replicate.

5 Assessment of Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability

5.1 Distinctness

For distinctness, COY D is applied on all quantitative characteristics except for the greenhouse characteristic anthocyanin coloration of the hypocotyl where minimum distance is applied. For qualitative and pseudo-qualitative characteristics, minimum distance is applied.

For COY D a variety is considered distinct if a single characteristic shows significant differences at 1 % level, or two independent characteristics show significant differences at 5 % level.

If varieties are grown side-by-side and a clear difference in one or more characteristics is observed in a direct comparison, the two varieties are considered distinct.

5.1.1 Number of Plants / Parts of Plants to be Examined

Unless otherwise indicated, for the purposes of distinctness, all observations on single plants should be made on 45 plants for candidate varieties, 30 plants for reference varieties or parts taken from each of 45 plants for candidate varieties and 30 plants for reference varieties, divided on and taken from 3 replicates, and any other observations made on all plants in the test, disregarding any off-type plants.

All observations in the greenhouse trial are determined by measurement or counting and is made on at least 100 plants or parts of plants divided on and taken from 2 replicates.

5.2 Uniformity

For measured characteristics (MS) COY U is applied for testing the relative uniformity of the varieties.

For Hypocotyl: Percentage of seedlings with anthocyanin coloration of hypocotyl, a variety is considered uniform if the expression differ less than 3 notes between growing cycles.

For Germinity in the greenhouse trial and for visually assessed characteristics in the field trial (VG):

A candidate will be considered to be sufficiently uniform if the number of off-types in each growing cycle does not exceed the threshold indicated in table 5-1 below based on a population standard of 2% with an acceptance probability of 95%.

Table 5-1 Threshold for off-types (pop.std. 2%, acc.prob. 95%)

NUMBER OF PLANTS	OFF-TYPES ALLOWED
100 – 131	5
132 – 165	6
166 – 200	7
201 – 236	8
237 – 273	9
274 – 310	10
311 – 348	11
349 – 386	12

5.3 Stability

A variety is considered stable if it is sufficiently uniform.

6 Grouping of Varieties

The following have been agreed as useful grouping characteristics:

Germinity – Char. 1

Ploidi – Char. 2

7 Introduction to the Table of Characteristics

7.1 States of Expression and Corresponding Notes

States of expression are given for each characteristic to define the characteristic and to harmonize descriptions. Each state of expression is allocated a corresponding numerical note for ease of recording of data and for the production and exchange of the description.

All relevant states of expression are presented in the characteristic.

7.2 Example Varieties

Where appropriate, example varieties are provided to clarify the states of expression of each characteristic.

7.3 Legend

		English		Dansk		Svenska	Example Varieties Eksempelsorter Exempelsorter	Noter/ Notes
1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
		Name of characteristics in English		Egenskaberne navn på dansk		Egenskapernas namn på svenska		
		States of expression		Egenskaberne udtryk		Egenskapernas uttryck		

1 Characteristic number

2 G: Grouping characteristic

3 Type of expression

QL: Qualitative characteristic

QN: Quantitative characteristic

PQ: Pseudo-qualitative characteristic

4 Method of observation – see paragraph 3.4

5 Where is the characteristic observed

A: Field trial

B: Greenhouse test

TQ: Technical Questionnaire

6 (+) Explanations for individual characteristics (Chapter 8.1)

7 Growth stage key – see paragraph 3.3

8 Table of Characteristics

DK no.		English		Dansk		Svenska	Example Varieties Eksempelsorter Exempelsorter	Noter/ Notes
1	G	QL	VS	B	(+)	10-11		
		Germinity		Germinitet		Germinitet		
		Monogerm		Monogerm		Monogerm	Selma KWS	1
		Multigerm		Multigerm		Multigerm		2
2	G	QL			TQ	10-11		
		Ploidy		Ploiditet		Ploiditet		
		Diploid		Diploid		Diploid	Selma KWS	2
		Triploid		Triploid		Triploid		3
		Tetraploid		Tetraploid		Tetraploid		4
		Polyploid/other		Polyploid/andet		Polyploid/andra		5
3		QN	VS	B	(+)	10-11		
	Hypocotyl: Percentage of seedlings with anthocyanin coloration of hypocotyl			Kimstængel: % stængler med anthocyaninfarvning		Hypokotylfärg: % stjälkar med antocyaninfärgning		
	0-9%			0-9%		0-9%	Hopla	1
	10-19%			10-19%		10-19%		2
	20-29%			20-29%		20-29%	Nelson	3
	30-39%			30-39%		30-39%		4
	40-59%			40-59%		40-59%	Selma KWS	5
	60-69%			60-69%		60-69%		6
	70-79%			70-79%		70-79%	Falster	7
	80-89%			80-89%		80-89%		8
	90-100%			90-100%		90-100%	Lavenda KWS	9
4		QN	VG	A	(+)	35-39		
	Leaf: attitude			Blad: stilling		Blad: position		
	Erect			Opret		Uprätt		1
	Erect to semi-erect			Opret til halvt opret		Upprätt till halvupprätt		2
	Semi-erect			Halvt opret		Halvupprätt	Smilla KWS	3
	Semi-erect to intermediate			Halvt opret til mellemstilling		Halvupprätt till mellanliggande		4
	Intermediate			Mellemstilling		Mellanliggande	Lavenda KWS	5
	Intermediate to semi-prostrate			Mellemstilling til halvt liggende		Mellanliggande till halvliggande		6
	Semi-prostrate			Halvt liggende		Halvliggande	Vertigo	7
	Semi-prostrate to prostrate			Halvt liggende til vandret		Halvliggande till horisontell		8
	Prostrate			Vandret		Horisontell		9

DK no.		English	Dansk	Svenska	Example Varieties Eksempelsorter Exempelsorter	Noter/ Notes
5		QN VG	A	35-39		
Leaf blade: green colour	Very light	Meget lys	Mycket ljus			1
	Very light to light	Meget lys til lys	Mycket ljus till ljus			2
	Light	Lys	Ljus	Nexus		3
	Light to medium	Lys til middel	Ljus till medel			4
	Medium	Middel	Medel	Smilla KWS		5
	Medium to dark	Middel til mørk	Medel til mørk			6
	Dark	Mørk	Mørk	Smart Renja KWS		7
	Dark to very dark	Mørk til meget mørk	Mørk till mycket mörk			8
	Very dark	Meget mørk	Mycket mörk			9
				40-45		
Leaf blade: undulation of margin	Absent or very weak	Ingen eller meget svag	Ingen eller mycket svag			1
	Very weak to weak	Meget svag til svag	Mycket svag till svag			2
	Weak	Svag	Svag	Smart Renja KWS		3
	Weak to medium	Svag til middel	Svag till medel			4
	Medium	Middel	Medel	Comanche		5
	Medium to strong	Middel til stærk	Medel till kraftig			6
	Strong	Stærk	Kraftig	Smilla KWS		7
	Strong to very strong	Stærk til meget stærk	Kraftig till mycket kraftig			8
	Very strong	Meget stærk	Mycket kraftig			9
				40-45		
Leaf blade: blistering	Absent or very weak	Ingen eller meget svag	Ingen eller mycket svag			1
	Very weak to weak	Meget svag til svag	Mycket svag till svag			2
	Weak	Svag	Svag	Fairway		3
	Weak to medium	Svag til middel	Svag till medel			4
	Medium	Middel	Medel	Twix		5
	Medium to strong	Middel til stærk	Medel till kraftig			6
	Strong	Stærk	Kraftig	Vertigo		7
	Strong to very strong	Stærk til meget stærk	Kraftig till mycket kraftig			8
	Very strong	Meget stærk	Mycket kraftig			9

DK no.		English	Dansk	Svenska	Example Varieties Eksempelsorter Exempelsorter	Noter/ Notes
8	QN	VG	A		40-45	
	Leaf blade: glossiness		Bladplade: glans		Bladplatta: glansighet	
	Absent or very weak		Ingen eller meget svag		Ingen eller mycket svag	
	Very weak to weak		Meget svag til svag		Mycket svag till svag	
	Weak		Svag		Svag	
	Weak to medium		Svag til middel		Svag till medel	
	Medium		Middel		Medel	
	Medium to strong		Middel til stærk		Medel till kraftig	
	Strong		Stærk		Kraftig	
	Strong to very strong		Stærk til meget stærk		Kraftig till mycket kraftig	
	Very strong		Meget stærk		Mycket kraftig	
9	QN	VG	A	(+)	40-45	
	Leaf: length including petiole		Blad: længde inkl. stilke		Blad: längd inkl. stjälk	
	Very short		Meget kort		Mycket kort	
	Very short to short		Meget kort til kort		Mycket kort till kort	
	Short		Kort		Kort	
	Short to medium		Kort til middel		Kort till medel	
	Medium		Middel		Medel	
	Medium to long		Middel til lang		Medel till lång	
	Long		Lang		Lång	
	Long to very long		Lang til meget lang		Lång till mycket lång	
	Very long		Meget lang		Mycket lång	
10	QN	VG	A	(+)	40-45	
	Leaf blade: length		Bladplade: længde		Bladplatta: längd	
	Very short		Meget kort		Mycket kort	
	Very short to short		Meget kort til kort		Mycket kort till kort	
	Short		Kort		Kort	
	Short to medium		Kort til middel		Kort till medel	
	Medium		Middel		Medel	
	Medium to long		Middel til lang		Medel till lång	
	Long		Lang		Lång	
	Long to very long		Lang til meget lang		Lång till mycket lång	
	Very long		Meget lang		Mycket lång	

DK no.		English	Dansk		Svenska	Example Varieties Eksempelsorter Exempelsorter	Noter/ Notes
11		QN	VG	A	(+)	40-45	
	Leaf blade: width		Bladplade: bredde		Bladplatta: bredd		
	Very narrow		Meget smal		Mycket smal		1
	Very narrow to narrow		Meget smal til smal		Mycket smal till smal		2
	Narrow		Smal		Smal		Evalotta KWS 3
	Narrow to medium		Smal til middel		Smal till medel		4
	Medium		Middel		Medel		Degas 5
	Medium to broad		Middel til bred		Medel till bred		6
	Broad		Bred		Bred		Sigurd 7
	Broad to very broad		Bred til meget bred		Bred till mycket bred		8
	Very broad		Meget bred		Mycket bred		9
12		QN	VG	A	(+)	40-45	
	Leaf blade: width compared to length		Bladplade: bredde i forhold til længde		Bladplatta: bredd i förhållande till längd		
	Very narrow		Meget smal		Mycket smal		1
	Very narrow to narrow		Meget smal til smal		Mycket smal till smal		2
	Narrow		Smal		Smal		Hopla 3
	Narrow to medium		Smal til middel		Smal till medel		4
	Medium		Middel		Medel		Palace 5
	Medium to broad		Middel til bred		Medel till bred		6
	Broad		Bred		Bred		Lavenda KWS 7
	Broad to very broad		Bred til meget bred		Bred till mycket bred		8
	Very broad		Meget bred		Mycket bred		9
13		PQ	VG	A	(+)	40-45	
	Leaf blade: shape of tip		Bladplade: spidsform		Bladplatta: spetsform		
	Pointed		Spids		Spetsig		1
	Slightly rounded		Let afrundet		Lätt avrundad		Evalotta KWS 2
	Blunt		Stump		Trubbig		3
14		PQ	VG	A		49	
	Root: color below ground		Rod: farve under jord		Rot: färg under jord		
	White		Hvid		Vit		Selma KWS 1
	White to yellow		Hvid til gul		Vit till gul		2
	Yellow		Gul		Gul		3
	Yellow to orange		Gul til orange		Gul till orange		4
	Orange		Orange		Orange		5
	Orange to red		Orange til røde		Orange til röd		6
	Red		Rød		Röd		7

DK no.		English		Dansk		Svenska	Example Varieties Eksempelsorter Exempelsorter	Noter/ Notes
15		PQ	VG	A	(+)	49		
	Root: shape		Rod: form		Rot: form			
	Spheroidal		Kugleformet		Sfärisk		1	
	Spheroidal to ovoid		Kugleformet til oval		Sfärisk till äggformad		2	
	Ovoid		Oval		Äggformad		3	
	Ovoid to conical		Oval til konisk		Äggformad till konisk		4	
	Conical		Konisk		Konisk		Evalotta KWS	
	Conical to cylindrical		Konisk til cylindrisk		Konisk till cylindrisk		6	
	Cylindrical		Cylindrisk		Cylindrisk		7	
16		QN	MS	A	(+)	49		
	Root: length		Rod: længde		Rot: längd			
	Very short		Meget kort		Mycket kort		1	
	Very short to short		Meget kort til kort		Mycket kort till kort		2	
	Short		Kort		Kort		Smart Janninka KWS	
	Short to medium		Kort til middel		Kort till medel		4	
	Medium		Middel		Medel		Lunella KWS	
	Medium to long		Middel til lang		Medel till lång		6	
	Long		Lang		Lång		Knut	
	Long to very long		Lang til meget lang		Lång till mycket lång		8	
	Very long		Meget lang		Mycket lång		9	
17		QN	MS	A	(+)	49		
	Root: width		Rod: bredde		Rot: bredd			
	Very narrow		Meget smal		Mycket smal		1	
	Very narrow to narrow		Meget smal til smal		Mycket smal till smal		2	
	Narrow		Smal		Smal		Bauer	
	Narrow to medium		Smal til middel		Smal till medel		4	
	Medium		Middel		Medel		Smart Janninka KWS	
	Medium to broad		Middel til bred		Medel till bred		6	
	Broad		Bred		Bred		Stevns	
	Broad to very broad		Bred til mycket bred		Bred till mycket bred		8	
	Very broad		Meget bred		Mycket bred		9	

DK no.		English	Dansk		Svenska	Example Varieties Eksempelsorter Exempelsorter	Noter/ Notes
18		QN	MS	A	(+)	49	
Root: length compared to width	Root: længde i forhold til bredde	Rod: längd i förhållande till bredd					
	Very low	Meget lav			Mycket låg		1
	Very low to low	Meget lav til lav			Mycket låg till låg		2
	Low	Lav			Låg	Stevns	3
	Low to medium	Lav til middel			Låg till medel		4
	Medium	Middel			Medel	Evalotta KWS	5
	Medium to high	Middel til høj			Medel till hög		6
	High	Høj			Hög	Cub	7
	High to very high	Høj til meget høj			Hög till mycket hög		8
	Very high	Meget høj			Mycket hög		9
19		QN	MS	A	(+)	49	
Root: height above ground	Root: højde over jord	Rod: höjd över jord					
	Very low	Meget lav			Mycket låg		1
	Very low to low	Meget lav til lav			Mycket låg till låg		2
	Low	Lav			Låg	Smart Renja KWS	3
	Low to medium	Lav til middel			Låg till medel		4
	Medium	Middel			Medel	Evalotta KWS	5
	Medium to high	Middel til høj			Medel till hög		6
	High	Høj			Hög	Fairway	7
	High to very high	Høj til meget høj			Hög till mycket hög		8
	Very high	Meget høj			Mycket hög		9
20		QN	MS	A	(+)	49	
Root: ratio above ground	Root: andel over jord	Rod: andel över jord					
	Very little	Meget lille			Mycket liten		1
	Very little to little	Meget lille til lille			Mycket liten till liten		2
	Little	Lille			Liten	Smart Renja KWS	3
	Little to medium	Lille til middle			Liten till medel		4
	Medium	Middel			Medel	Vertigo	5
	Medium to large	Middel til stor			Medel till stort		6
	Large	Stor			Stort	Fenja KWS	7
	Large to very large	Stor til meget stor			Stort till mycket stort		8
	Very large	Meget stor			Mycket stort		9

8.1 Explanations

8.1.1 Ad 1: Germinity

2 x 50 seeds from the submitted sample (growth stage 10-20) are assessed. The germinity is then assessed on a scale from 1 to 2 by counting the number of sprouts per seed cluster.

1 – monogerm, one sprout per seed cluster

2 – multigerm, more than one sprout per seed cluster

If 95 % or more are assessed as 1 – the variety is monogerm

If 95 % or more are assessed as 2 – the variety is multigerm

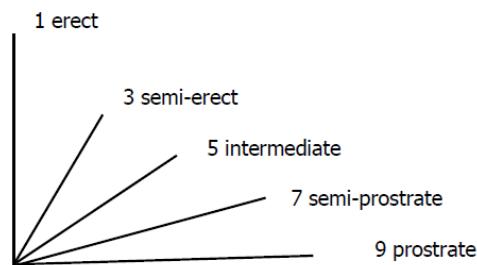
8.1.2 Ad 3: Hypocotyl: percentage of seedlings with anthocyanin coloration of hypocotyl

2 x 50 seeds from the submitted sample (growth stage 10-20) are assessed.

Assessment by counting the number of seedlings with anthocyanin coloration of hypocotyl. The following colors are counted as anthocyanin coloration: red, orange, pink.

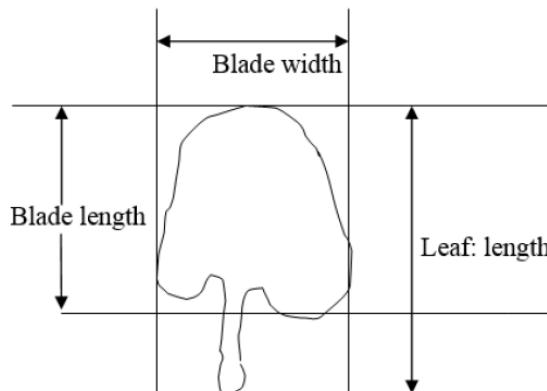
8.1.3 Ad 4: Leaf: attitude

Leaf: attitude is assessed on a scale from 1 to 9 on the second outermost leaf wreath on the beet. If the leaves are standing upright, a grade of 1 (erect) is given. If the leaves form an approximately 45-degree angle with the ground, a grade of 5 (intermediate) is given. If the leaves predominantly lie along the ground, a grade of 9 (prostrate) is given. The entire scale can be utilized.



8.1.4 Ad 9: Leaf length including petiole / 10: Leaf blade: length / 11: Leaf blade: width

Assessed in the field trial (growth stage 40-45).



8.1.5 Ad 12: Leaf blade: width compared to length

Assessed in the field trial (growth stage 40-45).



3 – Narrow



5 – Medium

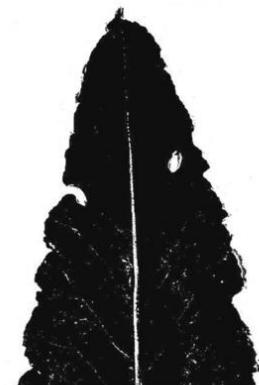


7 - Broad

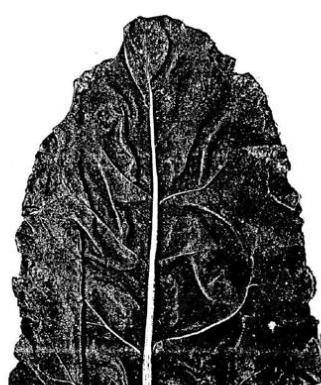
8.1.6 Ad 13: Leaf blade: shape of tip

Assessed in the field trial (growth stage 40-45)

- 1 - pointed
- 2 - rounded
- 3 - stump



1



2



3

8.1.7 Ad 14: Root: color below ground

1 - White



3 - Yellow



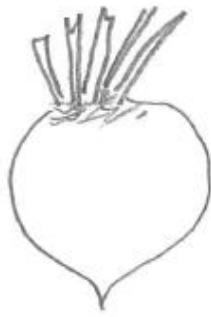
5 - Orange



7 - Red

8.1.8 Ad 15: Root: shape

Assessed on a scale from 1 to 7 in the field trial.



1 - Spherical



3 - Oval



5 - Conical



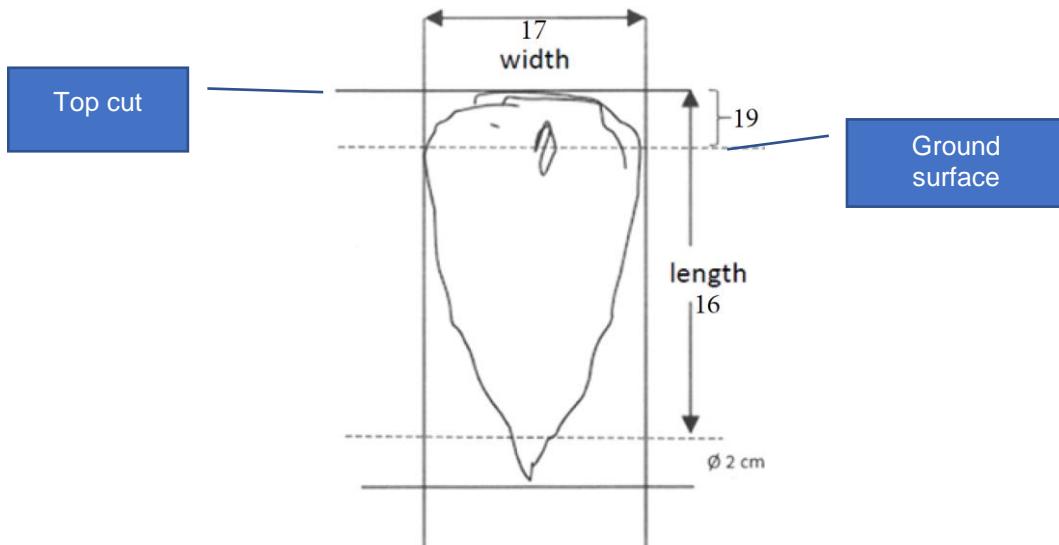
7 – Cylindrical

8.1.9 Ad 16, 17, 19: Root: length, width and height above ground

16 Root: length: To measure between the root tip at 2 cm diameter and the top cut (which is made at the base of the green petioles).

17 Root: width: To measure at the broadest extension of the root, parallel to the top cut.

19 Root: height above ground: Is measured from where the root changes color above ground (ground surface - typically the mechanical mark, left from the machine lifting the roots in the field can be used as guide) to the top cut.



8.1.10 Ad 18: Root: length compared to width

Must be calculated as the ratio Root: length divided with Root: width.

8.1.11 Ad 20: Root: ratio above ground

Must be calculated as ratio Root: height above ground divided with Root: length.

